# Film Manifestos and Global Cinema Culture A Critical Anthology

EDITED BY Scott MacKenzie

# FILM MANIFESTOS AND GLOBAL CINEMA CULTURES

A Critical Anthology

Scott MacKenzie



UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA PRESS

Berkeley Los Angeles London

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University of California Press Berkeley and Los Angeles, California

University of California Press, Ltd. London, England

For acknowledgments of permissions, see page 635.

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

MacKenzie, Scott, 1967-.

Film manifestos and global cinema cultures : a critical anthology / Scott MacKenzie.

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p. cm.
Includes index.
ISBN 978-0-520-27674-I (cloth : alk. paper)
I. Motion pictures—Philosophy. I. Title.
PN1995.M2335 2014
791.4301—dc23 2013025528
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Manufactured in the United States of America

The paper used in this publication meets the minimum requirements of ansi/niso z39.48–1992 (R 2002) (Permanence of Paper).

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### **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

This book has been a long time in the making as I have searched far, wide, and somewhat obsessively for film manifestos over the course of the last few years. I was aided in this Sisyphean task by a great many people who passed on manifestos, provided hard-to-find articles and essays on manifesto movements, helped me track down the diverse and often obscure documents I needed, and discussed in detail their own thoughts and theories on film and moving image manifestos. Many thanks, then, to those who sent materials my way, answered emails, spent time talking about niches in film history with which I was relatively unfamiliar, and all in all made this book far better as a result of their collegiality and generosity: Hata Ayumi, John Belton, Moinak Biswas, Marcel Beltrán, Paul Coates, Donald Crafton, Scott Forsyth, John Greyson, Lillah Halla, Sharon Hayashi, Jennie Holmes, Eli Horwatt, Takahiko Iimura, Stephen Kent Jusick, Ali Kazimi, David Kidman, Chuck Kleinhans, Paisley Livingston, Alan Lovell, Tadeusz Lubelski, Scott MacDonald, Nicholas Mercury, Sahar Moridani, Laura Mulvey, Zuzana M. Pick, Paula Potter, Eric Rentschler, Sarah Schulman, Elena Pinto Simon, Martin Stollery, Ava Tews, Thomas Waugh, and Brian Winston. Joseph Ditta at the New York Historical Society generously located and passed along some hard-to-find material, as did Mike Hamilton at the University of Toronto's Media Commons.

I must also thank the film studies and production students in my 2006–2007 film theory class at York University, all of whom wrote manifestos and took part in a project called *Manifest This!* My two teaching assistants, Shana MacDonald and Aimée Mitchell, went above and beyond the call of duty, helping type out student manifestos, writing their

own screeds, and co-organizing the *Manifest This!* launch-declamation event in which the students read out their manifestos (not on a soapbox but on a chair in a pub). I must also thank Aimée for pointing me in the direction of the Hye Bossin manifesto. Thanks also go to John McCullough, the head of film studies at York at the time, who allotted funds to print up the manifestos.

The book benefited greatly from the Experimental Writing Workshop in 2011; the workshop is held each year in conjunction with the Independent Imaging Workshop ("Film Farm") in Mount Forest, Ontario. The participants that year, Susan Lord and Mike Zryd, along with my co-organizer Janine Marchessault, helped structure the book and forced me to clarify many of my more extreme pronouncements (a process that goes hand in hand with writing on manifestos). Mike in particular compelled me to formalize my thoughts on "manifesto films," a concept he thought outlandish and untenable (and one about which, of course, he might very well be right). For Mike and Susan's collegiality, feedback, insights, friendship, and support, I offer my thanks.

The book was completed as I took up a post at Queen's University. My new colleagues in the Department of Film and Media deserve thanks for combining intellectual stimulation and generous conviviality.

Many friends, colleagues, and collaborators have played a central and ongoing role in the development and realization of this book. Thanks go first to Mette Hjort, as the work we did together on both national cinemas and Dogme '95 led me to consider the role of manifestos more generally in film culture. Thanks also to Bill Wees, whose course on the history of avant-garde cinema introduced me to avant-garde, experimental, and found footage film when I was an undergraduate at McGill. Having shared countless taco lunches with me over the past fifteen years, Bill has been a key resource for all things avant-garde, including introducing me to many of the manifestos that populate these pages. He's also been a great friend. Brenda Longfellow's friendship, acuity, and solidarity, over many glasses of red wine, were indispensable components in the completion of the book and in thinking through the political implications of many of the manifestos contained herein, especially those related to feminism and third cinemas. Anna Stenport also deserves a great deal of thanks for motivating me in her resolute and tenacious way to get this project finished, so I could move on to the next one, with her, on the Arctic. As the book was cascading to its conclusion, Anna read through all the introductory material for each chapter and offered incisive and invaluable feedback, all the while maintaining a glasshalf-full attitude toward my writing, cheering me toward the finish line.

My partner, Darlene, put up with what must have seemed like (because it almost was) a never-ending project, providing many pleasurable diversions and some truly magnificent rants (she was born to write manifestos). She also helped with the Herculean task of data entry and, with a great deal of mock rage and good humor, argued with the ideas put forth in the manifestos that she undertook the unenviable task of transcribing, given her background in scientific thought. For this, her support, dark sense of humor, and so much more, she deserves my profound thanks and heartfelt gratitude.

Finally, I thank Janine Marchessault and Phil Hoffman. Much of the editorial material in the book was composed during writing sessions with Janine, who supported this project from the beginning. She read drafts of the editorial material, brainstormed endlessly, and was my main sounding board for the ideas in the book. Indeed, the present structure of the book came about after I spent a weekend talking with Janine and Phil. Janine was discussing the extensive primary materials she was using in her book on Expo '67. A couple of hours later, Phil handed me a copy of Fernando Birri's Birth Certificate of the . . . School of Three Worlds manifesto, saying, "I don't think you've seen this." The realization that my book ought to be built around the combination of primary materials composed of the plethora of manifestos that many film and media scholars have heard of but never seen, or indeed have just never heard of, became the backbone of the project and crystallized through the synthesis of these two conversations. Their friendship, generosity of spirit, and intellectual and artistic stimulation (as well as our shared, near-obsessive love of The Office and Kitchen Nightmares) have been a constant source of inspiration and, in the latter parenthetical case, pleasurable distraction for me. For all these reasons, and too many more to enumerate, I offer my heartfelt thanks.

The first steps of this project were possible thanks to initial funding from the British Academy. Queen's University generously provided a Fund for Scholarly Research and Creative Work and Professional Development research grant, which allowed me to undertake research at La Cinémathèque française in Paris; the Library of Congress in Washington, DC; and the British Film Institute in London.

Any mistakes remaining herein are my own.

### INTRODUCTION

"An Invention without a Future"

The cinema is an invention without a future.

—LOUIS LUMIÈRE, AUTHOR OF THE
FIRST FILM MANIFESTO

To forge oneself iron laws, if only in order to obey or disobey them with difficulty . . . 
—ROBERT BRESSON, NOTES ON THE CINEMATOGRAPHER

### THE FOURTH COLUMN

Manifestos are typically understood as ruptures, breaks, and challenges to the steady flow of politics, aesthetics, or history. This is equally true of film and other moving image manifestos. Paradoxically, film manifestos pervade the history of cinema yet exist at the margins of almost all accounts of film history itself. An examination of this elision raises not simply the question of whether manifestos have changed the cinema (even if their existence has often been marginalized in film history) but whether the act of calling into being a new form of cinema changed not only moving images but the world itself. For this proposition to make any sense at all, one cannot take moving images to be separate from the world or to be simply a mirror or reflection of the real. Instead, one must see moving images as a constitutive part of the real: as images change, so does the rest of the world. By way of introduction to Film Manifestos and Global Cinema Cultures, I examine what exactly a manifesto is, consider the role played by manifestos in film culture, offer an overview of some of the film manifestos and manifesto movements covered in the book, and map out a critical model of what constitutes a film manifesto and a manifestostyle of writing. My aim is to outline a theoretically informed counterhistory that places film manifestos, often neglected, at the center of film history, politics, and culture.

Film manifestos are a missing link in our knowledge of the history of cinema production, exhibition, and distribution. Often considered a subset of aesthetics or mere political propaganda, film manifestos are better understood as a creative and political engine, an often unacknowledged force pushing forward film theory, criticism, and history. Examining these writings as a distinct category—constituting calls to action for political and aesthetic changes in the cinema and, equally important, the cinema's role in the world—allows one not only to better understand their use-value but also the way in which

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they have functioned as catalysts for film practices outside the dominant narrative paradigms of what Jean-Luc Godard pejoratively calls "Hollywood-Mosfilm." Yet manifestos and manifesto-style writing have also greatly influenced, and indeed regulated, narrative cinema, especially that of the classical Hollywood period.

One of the other goals of *Film Manifestos and Global Cinema Cultures* is to reconsider the status of the film manifesto in film theory and history. Part of my desire to do this stems from my coming of age, as an academic, during the "theory wars" of the 1990s (nowhere near as sexy as the "Clone Wars" but similarly populated with mutterings about the "dark side"). Many of the most contentious essays at the center of the "theory wars" are better understood not as theory *qua* theory, in some empirical sense, but as manifestos—calls to arms to change, destroy, and reimagine the cinema. Certainly, this is the political and aesthetic power that lies behind a multitude of central writings on the cinema, from Sergei Eisenstein's "The Method of Making Workers' Films," and Dziga Vertov's "WE: Variant of a Manifesto" through Laura Mulvey's "Visual Pleasure and Narrative Cinema" and Claire Johnston's "Women's Cinema as Counter-Cinema" (indeed, some of the writings from the analytic side of the debate by Noël Carroll and Gregory Currie can be read as manifestos for film theory itself). To get tied up in positivist arguments about the empirical nature of these texts is to miss the means by which they functioned as catalysts for writers and filmmakers alike to reimagine the cinema.

Film Manifestos and Global Cinema Cultures brings together film manifestos from the global history of cinema, constituting the first historical and theoretical account of the role played by film manifestos in filmmaking and film culture. Focusing equally on political and aesthetic manifestos (and the numerous ones that address the relationship between aesthetics and politics), Film Manifestos and Global Cinema Cultures uncovers a neglected yet central history of cinema through the exploration of a series of documents that postulate ways in which to reimagine the medium, how moving images intervene in the public sphere, and the ways film might function as a catalyst to change the world. Many film manifestos accomplish these goals by foregrounding the dialectical relationship between questions of aesthetic form and political discourse, raising salient questions about how cinematic form is in and of itself a form of political action and intervention in the public sphere. Indeed, one of the defining characteristics of film manifestos could be understood by the maxim "aesthetics as action."

Film Manifestos and Global Cinema Cultures brings together key manifestos of the last 110 years, alongside many little-known manifestos that, despite their obscurity, have nevertheless served to challenge and reimagine cinema aesthetics, politics, distribution, production, and exhibition. To this end the book includes the major European manifestos (those of Sergei Eisenstein, François Truffaut, Free Cinema, Oberhausen, Dogme '95, et al.), the Latin American political manifestos (Fernando Birri, Jorge Sanjinés, Julio García Espinosa, Fernando Solanas, et al.), those of the postcolonial nation-state independence movements (Scotland, Québec, Palestine) and those of avant-garde filmmakers and writers (Stan Brakhage, Maya Deren, Jonas Mekas, Keith Sanborn, et al.). Film

Manifestos and Global Cinema Cultures also brings to light many manifestos largely unknown in Anglo-American film culture, as the book contains many previously untranslated manifestos authored or coauthored by figures such as Icíar Bollaín, Luis Buñuel, Guy Debord, Jean-Luc Godard, Jaime Humberto Hermosillo, Isidore Isou, Krzysztof Kieślowski, and François Truffaut. The book also includes thematic sections addressing documentary cinema, feminist and queer film cultures, and state-controlled filmmaking and archives. Furthermore, it includes texts that have been traditionally left out of the canon of film manifestos, such as the Motion Picture Production Code and Pius XI's Vigilanti Cura, which have nevertheless played a central role in film culture (indeed, the Production Code can be seen as the most successful film manifesto of all time). Finally, I have also included many local manifestos, ones that were influential in specific scenes and micromovements. The counterhistory that emerges from these varied texts brings to life, in essence, a new history of the cinema.

### WHAT IS A MANIFESTO?

Before turning to film manifestos, consideration must be given to what, in general, constitutes a manifesto. To begin, then, a perhaps audacious claim: the last three thousand years of Judeo-Christian history are based on a manifesto. The Decalogue, or the Ten Commandments, declaimed in both Exodus and Deuteronomy, functions as Western culture's first and most definitive manifesto. The rules it sets out defined the basic structures around which Western culture has organized itself and its belief systems. The Commandments, like any good subsequent manifesto, offer not only rules to live by but nothing less than a totalizing vision of how one ought to live one's life. An examination of the Decalogue also allows one to delineate the difference between a manifesto and what could be more broadly construed as rules: "You shall have no other gods before me" or "You shall not make wrongful use of the name of the Lord your God" (Exodus 20:3, 7; and Deuteronomy 5:7, 11) are imperatives that effect one's morality and ethics in a way that "don't run with scissors" does not (even though the latter may be considered a more pragmatic piece of advice).

While the Decalogue is only the most prominent of the myriad of totalizing theological proclamations of the way in which one ought to live one's life, contemporary manifestos and our understanding of them date from the upheavals of the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries, most notably with the United States' Declaration of Independence of 1776, the Constitution of 1788, and the Bill of Rights of 1791; France's Déclaration des droits de l'homme et du citoyen of 1789; and Karl Marx and Friedrich Engels's *Manifest der Kommunistischen Partei (The Communist Manifesto*) of 1848. These foundational documents of two of the three competing ideologies of the twentieth century (the other being fascism) have taken on a quasi-religious status, partly replacing old messianic principles with newly found societal and secular ones; for instance, James Madison once referred to the founding American documents as "political scripture." Here, the political

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